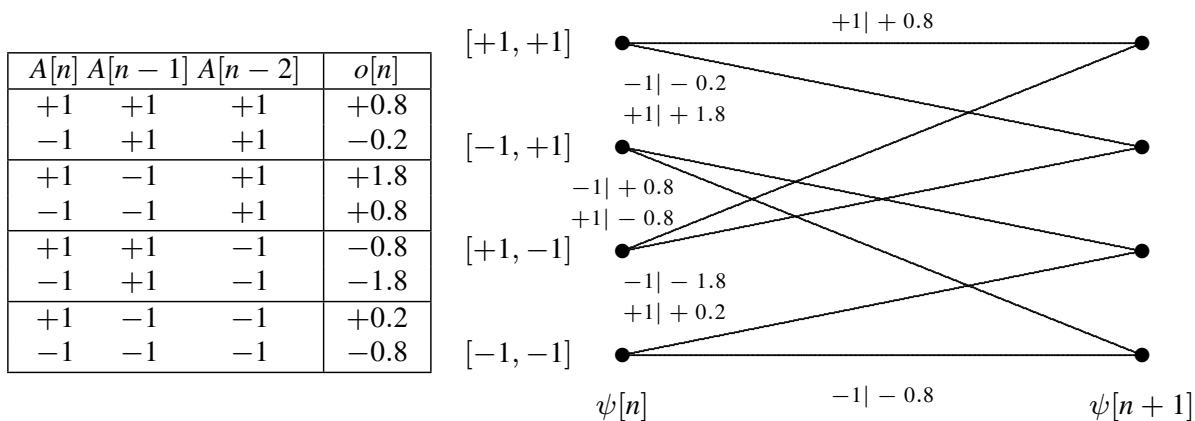


Receivers under ISI - Exercise 2

- Transmission of a 2-PAM ($A[n] \in \{\pm 1\}$) through channel

$$p[n] = \frac{1}{2} \delta[n] - \frac{1}{2} \delta[n-1] + 0.8 \delta[n-2]$$

- Noiseless output: $o[n] = \frac{1}{2} A[n] - \frac{1}{2} A[n-1] + 0.8 A[n-2]$
- Trellis diagram

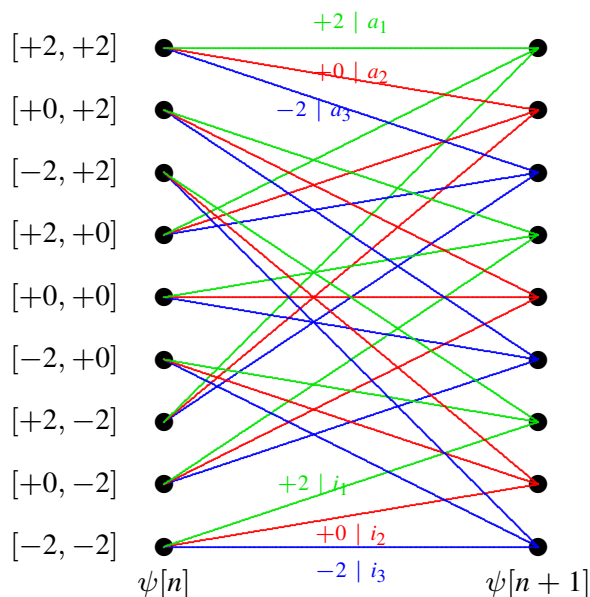


Receivers under ISI - Exercise 2

Trellis diagram for constellation of errors $\xi[n] = A_i[n] - A_j[n]$

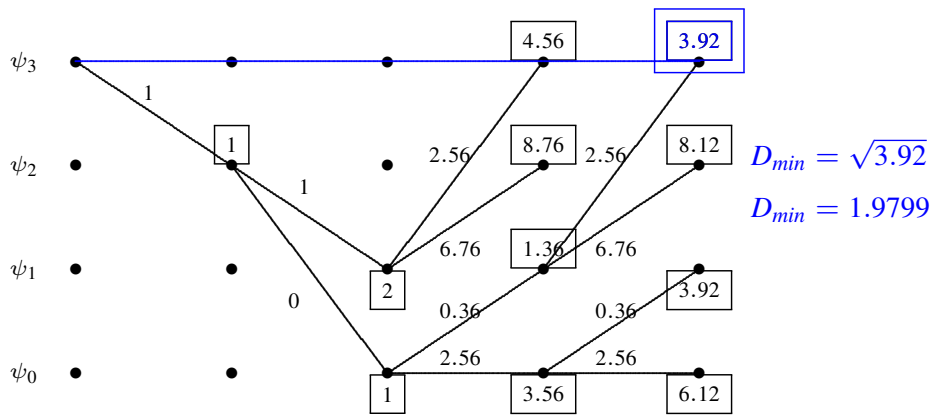
For a 2-PAM $\xi[n] \in \{+2, 0, -2\}$ Now $o[n] = \frac{1}{2} \xi[n] - \frac{1}{2} \xi[n-1] + 0.8 \xi[n-2]$

$\xi[n]$	$\xi[n-1]$	$\xi[n-2]$	$o[n]$
+2	+2	+2	$a_1 \equiv +1.6$
+0	+2	+2	$a_2 \equiv +0.6$
-2	+2	+2	$a_3 \equiv -0.4$
+2	+0	+2	$b_1 \equiv +2.6$
+0	+0	+2	$b_2 \equiv +1.6$
-2	+0	+2	$b_3 \equiv +0.6$
+2	-2	+2	$c_1 \equiv +3.6$
+0	-2	+2	$c_2 \equiv +2.6$
-2	-2	+2	$c_3 \equiv +1.6$
+2	+2	+0	$d_1 \equiv +0$
+0	+2	+0	$d_2 \equiv -1$
-2	+2	+0	$d_3 \equiv -2$
+2	+0	+0	$e_1 \equiv +1$
+0	+0	+0	$e_2 \equiv +0$
-2	+0	+0	$e_3 \equiv -1$
+2	-2	+0	$f_1 \equiv +2$
+0	-2	+0	$f_2 \equiv +1$
-2	-2	+0	$f_3 \equiv +0$
+2	+2	-2	$g_1 \equiv -1.6$
+0	+2	-2	$g_2 \equiv -2.6$
-2	+2	-2	$g_3 \equiv -3.6$
+2	+0	-2	$h_1 \equiv -0.6$
+0	+0	-2	$h_2 \equiv -1.6$
-2	+0	-2	$h_3 \equiv -2.6$
+2	-2	-2	$i_1 \equiv +0.4$
+0	-2	-2	$i_2 \equiv -0.6$
-2	-2	-2	$i_3 \equiv -1.6$



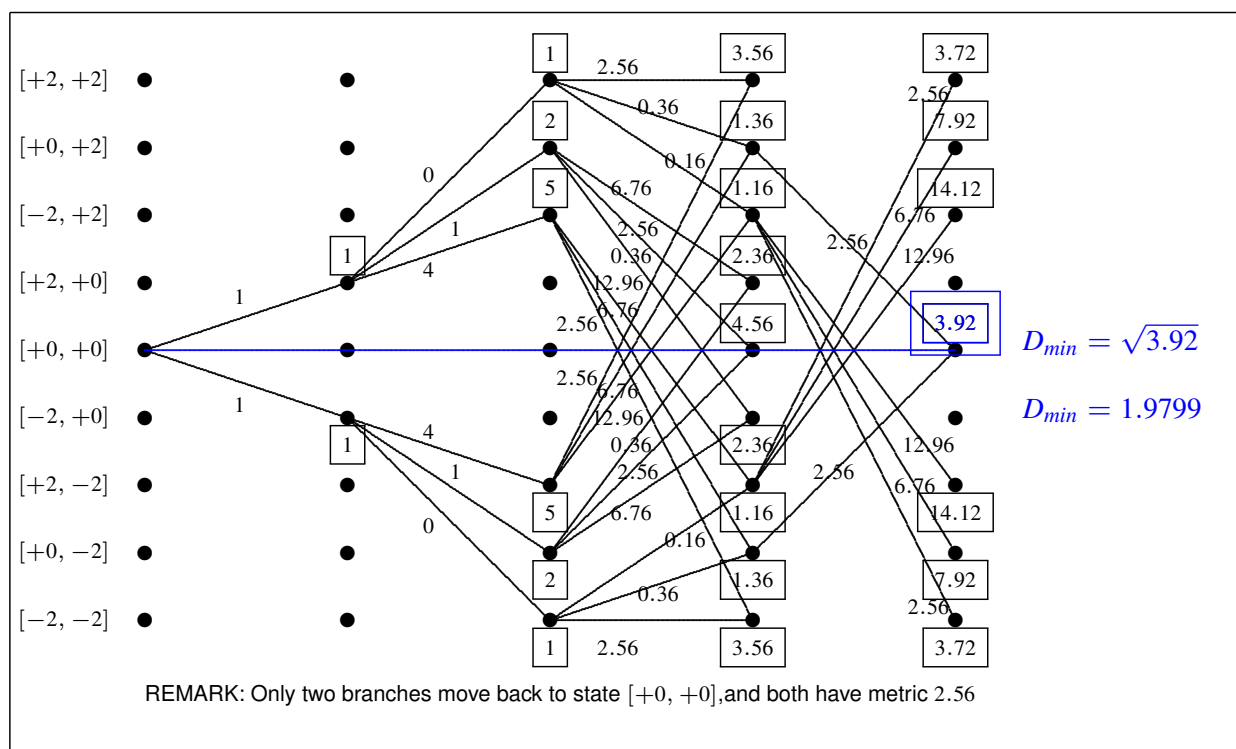
Receivers under ISI - Exercise 2 - Calculating D_{min}

Minimum distance with respect to the sequence $A[n] = +1, \forall n$



Receivers under ISI - Exercise 2 - Calculating D_{min}

Minimum distance calculated through the constellation of errors: reference $\xi[n] = 0, \forall n$



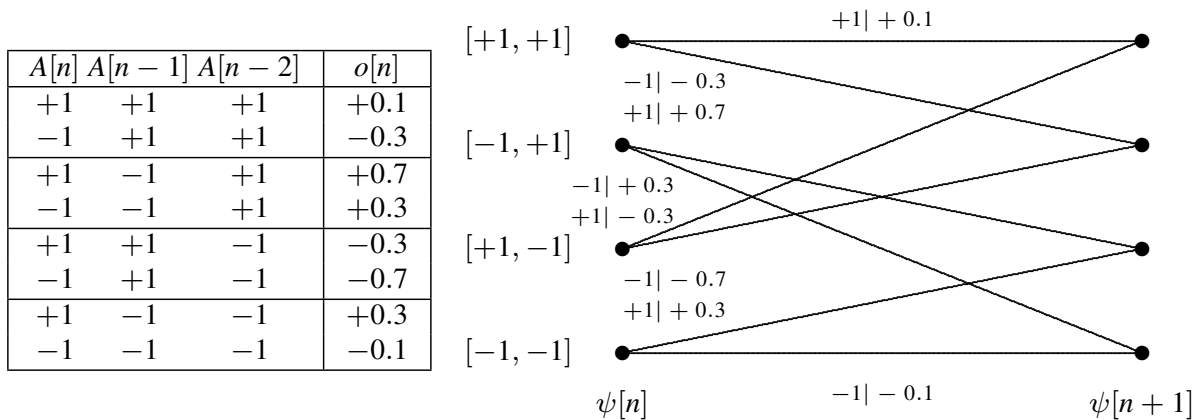
Receivers under ISI - Exercise 9

- Transmission of a 2-PAM ($A[n] \in \{\pm 1\}$) through channel

$$p[n] = 0.2 \delta[n] - 0.3 \delta[n - 1] + 0.2 \delta[n - 2]$$

- Noiseless output: $o[n] = 0.2 A[n] - 0.3 A[n - 1] + 0.2 A[n - 2]$

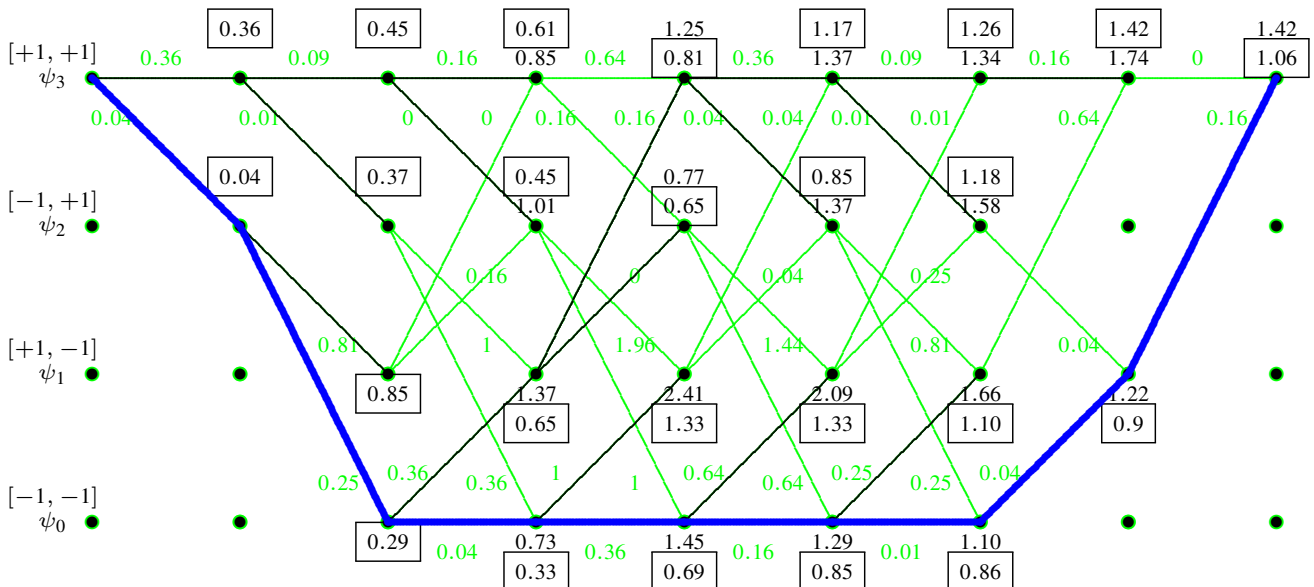
- Trellis diagram



Receivers under ISI - Exercise 9

$$q[0] = -0.5 \quad q[1] = -0.2 \quad q[2] = -0.3 \quad q[3] = -0.7 \quad q[4] = -0.5 \quad q[5] = -0.2 \quad q[6] = +0.5 \quad q[7] = +0.1$$

ML SEQUENCE (L) HEADER (K_p)
 $\hat{A}[0] = -1 \quad \hat{A}[1] = -1 \quad \hat{A}[2] = -1 \quad \hat{A}[3] = -1 \quad \hat{A}[4] = -1 \quad \hat{A}[5] = -1 \quad A[6] = +1 \quad A[7] = +1$



- Green: branches to be considered for decoding (and corresponding metric)
- Black: survival paths for every state
- Blue: path for the maximum likelihood sequence